

Pork Rapid Test

Cat. No.:DTS715

Pkg.Size:5 tests

Intended use

Rapid immunochromatographic test for qualitative determination of porcine meat antigen in foods, kitchen and production facilities.

General Description

Consumption and handling of pork meat is strictly prohibited by some religious confessions. Pork meat may also cause allergy and food intolerance.

Clinical Principles of Procedure and Ingredients

Pork Rapid Test is based on principle of immunochromatographic rapid test (lateral flow) and may be used for qualitative or semi-quantitative determination of porcine meat antigen in foods, kitchen and production facilities. In immunochromatographic (lateral flow) method, the target antigens are bound by highly specific antibodies attached to the test line and colored microparticles. This two-site binding results in formation of immune complex visible as the colored line.

Reagents And Materials Provided

1. 5 PORK TEST strips individually packaged into sealed pouches;
2. 5 Specimen collection tubes;
3. Instructions for use.

Specimen Collection And Preparation

The specimens should be brought to the temperature range 15-35°C before use; testing of colder specimens diminishes the sensitivity of the assay; testing of hot specimens is NOT possible!

Liquid specimens (meat juice, cooked meat brew, washout from kitchen dishes or technological surfaces (eg cutting machines) may be tested directly. The limitation for liquid specimens is their viscosity and the turbidity (presence of particulate material); if the specimen cannot reach the test zone of the strip, it should be diluted by tap water. In this case, the sensitivity level of the test should be adjusted by dilution factor. Turbid specimens should be filtered through textile or paper material, or allowed to set down.

For testing of solid material (fresh or cooked meat, sausages etc.) we recommend the following procedure: using clean (preferably disposable) sharp tool cut a small piece (0.1-0.5 grams) of the material and place it into the Specimen collection tube. Pour 2-2.5 ml of tap water or any other clear water-based liquid (mineral water, soft drink) into the tube; thoroughly close the tube cap and shake the tube vigorously for 15-30 seconds. Put the tube on the table, let the particles set down; the upper layer of the liquid is available for testing.

The specimens can be stored at +2-8°C within 24 hours.

Assay Procedure

1. If the test strips were stored below 20°C, bring the required quantity of the strips to the room temperature before opening the pouches.
2. Carefully open the pouch with sharp instrument. TAKE CARE NOT TO DAMAGE THE TEST STRIP.

3. Dip the test strip into the liquid part of the specimen observing the right direction ("HAND" sign upwards) and depth (not deeper than the colored line marked by arrow signs) and keep for 5-10 seconds to ensure soaking.
4. Put the test strip onto the CLEAN horizontal surface; do not touch or move the test strip for 5-10 minutes.
5. Read the test result.

Interpretation of Results

Test is considered POSITIVE if TWO colored lines appear in the test zone.



Test is considered NEGATIVE if ONE coloured line is clearly visible.



If NO colored line is formed, the test is INVALID. Try to repeat it with another test strip, check the correct specimen handling and test procedure, expiry date and storage conditions.



Sensitivity and Specificity

In the mixture of meat of different species, CD Pork Rapid Test determinates at least 1/1000 (ie 0,1%) part of the porcine meat antigen. This corresponds approximately to determination of 5-10 milligrams of porcine specific antigen per kilogram of the solid material (5-10 ppm).

CD Pork Rapid Test shows negative result in homogenated meat of following species: veal, lamb, antilopes, horse, moose, reindeer and other deers, chicken, turkey, goose, duck, rabbit. The test is also negative in human blood.

At present, there is no data concerning the test performance with the specimens of the meat of camel and kangaroo.

If the visual test gives unclear results, we recommend to re-check the porcine antigen by the quantitative laboratory methods, e.g. Pork antigen ELISA.

Precautions

1. The test strips (dipsticks) should be stored at 18-25°C
2. Use the test within 10 minutes after opening the pouch because the test kit is very sensitive to moisture
3. DO NOT TOUCH the reaction membrane
4. Do not use the kit when its pouch is torn, or test strip is broken or damaged
5. All the components of the test kit are disposable; do not use them repeatedly
6. Do not use the test strips beyond the expiration date